## Rotator Cuff Repair Protocol

NOTES / VARIATIONS			
Biceps Tenodesis	Phases I and II: elbow PROM and AAROM only Phase III: progress to elbow AROM Phase IV: may begin strengthening		
Subscapularis Repair	Phase I: 0° ER  Phase II: 0-20° ER		

	Phase I: Weeks 1-4	Phase II: Weeks 4-6	Phase III: weeks 7-12
Weight-Bearing and Immobilization	<ul> <li>Sling with abduction pillow a dressing, hygiene, or during</li> <li>Non-weight-bearing</li> </ul>	•	<ul> <li>Wean from and discontinue sling</li> <li>WBAT</li> <li>May begin non-repetitive non-resistive ADLs at chest level and below</li> </ul>
Aerobic	None	None	May begin stationary bike
Range of Motion (ROM)	<ul> <li>Pendulum exercises</li> <li>Table slides</li> <li>Full AROM of the cervical spine, hand, wrist, and elbow, (unless biceps tenodesis - see above)</li> <li>Shoulder PROM (no AAROM or AROM) <ul> <li>supine PROM only</li> <li>elevation to 90° in scapular plane</li> <li>ER to 20°</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Continue Phase I exercises Shoulder PROM (no AAROM or AROM) supine PROM only elevation to 120° in scapular plane and progress as tolerated abduction 60-80° without rotation IR to 40° IR to 30°	<ul> <li>Continue Phase II exercises</li> <li>Shoulder ROM         <ul> <li>progress to AAROM when PROM goals met and minimal pain</li> <li>start AAROM supine and progress to upright</li> <li>wand/pulley exercises for elevation, ER, and IR</li> <li>advance elevation, abduction, ER, and IR as tolerated</li> <li>posterior capsular stretching</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Strengthening	No shoulder resistance exercises	No shoulder resistance exercises	<ul> <li>No shoulder resistance exercises</li> <li>Strengthening         <ul> <li>may begin when minimal to no pain, ROM goals achieved without compensation, and good scapular control with varied postures and movements</li> <li>rotator cuff isometrics at 0° abduction and neutral rotation</li> <li>periscapular stabilization</li> <li>core and trunk exercises</li> <li>passive resistance exercises for large muscle group (pecs, lats, etc.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Goals	<ul><li>Pain control</li><li>Protect tissue healing</li><li>Minimize joint stiffness</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pain control</li><li>Protect tissue healing</li><li>Minimize joint stiffness</li><li>Progress ROM</li></ul>	Advance to full ROM     Initiate isometric strengthening

	Phase IV: Weeks 13-20	Phase V: Weeks 20+		
Weight-Bearing and Immobilization	• WBAT			
Aerobic	<ul><li>May begin elliptical machine</li><li>May begin walk-jog-run-progression</li></ul>	As tolerated (other than sport-specific restrictions noted below)		
Range of Motion (ROM)	<ul> <li>Continue Phase III exercises</li> <li>Advance to full AROM if not already achieved</li> <li>Continue active and passive stretching at terminal motions as needed</li> </ul>			
Strengthening	<ul> <li>Continue Phase III exercises</li> <li>Progressive from isometrics to light bands to light weights (1-5 lbs) for rotator cuff and periscapular isotonic exercises         <ul> <li>avoid lifting &gt;15-20 lbs</li> </ul> </li> <li>Begin elbow strengthening (if biceps tenodesis)</li> <li>Begin eccentrically resisted motion</li> <li>Begin plyometrics (eg. weighted ball toss)</li> <li>Begin proprioception (eg. Bodyblade)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue Phase IV exercises</li> <li>May begin individualized sport-specific programs including advanced conditioning when full and painfree ROM, 5/5 strength, excellent shoulder girdle mechanics/stability, and met goals of prior phases</li> <li>May begin light sports such as golf (chipping, putting) and tennis (easy ground strokes)</li> <li>May advance these sports at 6 months</li> <li>Overhead/throwing athletes may begin throwing program at 6 months</li> <li>May return to contact/collision sports at 9 months</li> <li>Maximum recovery may take 9-12 months</li> </ul>		
Goals	<ul><li>Advance strengthening exercises</li><li>Begin plyometric and proprioception exercises</li></ul>	Begin individualized sport-specific training		